Cypriot bathing water quality in 2021

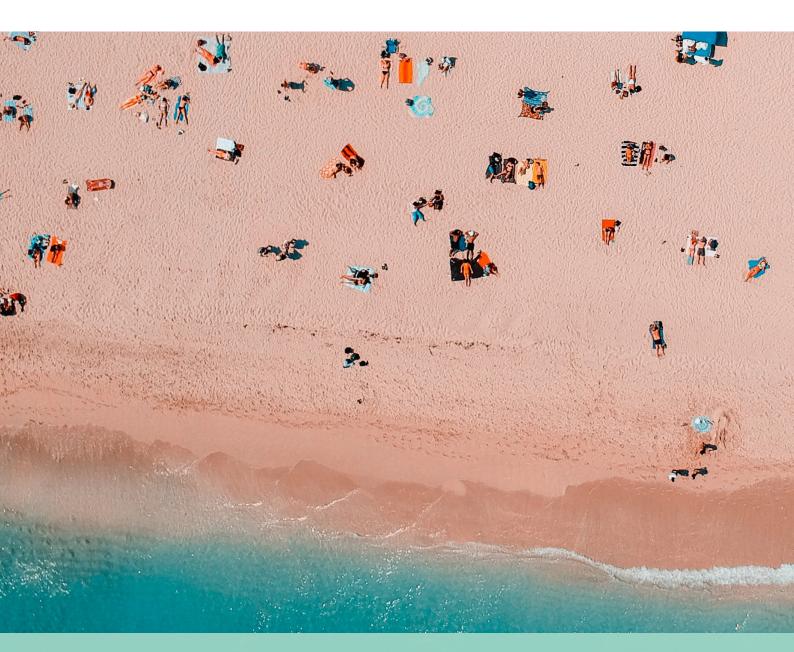




Photo: © Guzmán Barquín, Unsplash



European Environment Agency



Bathing water quality in the season of 2021

Cyprus

Under the provisions of the <u>Bathing Water Directive</u>, about 22 thousand bathing waters are monitored in Europe each season. The monitoring data and other information regarding bathing water management are reported to the European Environment Agency by 29 reporting countries in Europe, to be assessed for the annual European report and more detailed national reports.

1. BWD reporting in the season of 2021

Bathing waters in the season 2021						
Total reported	120					
Coastal	120					
Inland	0					
First identified in 2021	8					
Delisted in 2021	0					
Total reported samples	1086					

Bathing water quality in the season of 2021

112 (93.3%)
0 (0%)
0 (0%)
0 (0%)
8 (6.7%)

The bathing waters are quality classified according to the two microbiological parameters (Escherichia coli and intestinal enterococci) defined in the Bathing Water Directive. 93.3% of all reported bathing waters (includes those that could not be quality classified due to lack of samples) are in line with the minimum quality standards of the Directive, thus classified "sufficient" or better.

More information at the national bathing water portal:

http://www.moa.gov.cy/moa/environment/environmentnew.nsf/All/9E7057F0FB6B8067C2257F6200327 E0D?OpenDocument

2. BWD monitoring

Each bathing water that is identified by the reporting country needs to have a monitoring calendar established before the bathing season. The monitoring calendar requirements can be summarised as follows: (1) a preseason sample is to be taken shortly before the start of each bathing season; (2) no fewer than four (alternatively, three for specific cases) samples are to be taken and analysed per bathing season; and (3) an interval between sampling dates never exceeds one month.

From the reported data, the assessment also designates effective implementation of the monitoring calendar (Table 1).

Table 1: Bathing waters in 2021 according to implementation of the monitoring calenda

	Count	Share of total [%]
Monitoring calendar implemented A bathing water satisfies monitoring calendar conditions listed above.	120	100.00%
Monitoring calendar not implemented A bathing water does not satisfy monitoring calendar conditions listed above. It may be quality-classified if enough samples are available in the last assessment period.	0	0.00%

In addition to the monitoring calendar, management specifics of the last assessment period of four years are also assessed. The status primarily indicates whether the complete dataset of four seasons is available, but also points out the reasons as to why the bathing waters do not have the complete last assessment period dataset. The latter may indicate developing conditions at the site – most importantly, whether the bathing water has been newly identified within the period, or any changes have occurred that are likely to affect the classification of the bathing water.

Table 2: Management specifics in the last assessment period of 2018–2021

	Count	Share of total [%]
Continuously monitored A bathing water has been monitored in each bathing season of the last assessment period.	112	93.3%
Newly identified A bathing water was identified for the first time within the last assessment period. Such status is assigned for full four years after reported.	8	6.7%
Quality changes A bathing water was subject to changes described in BWD Art. 4.4 within the last assessment period. Such status is assigned for full four years after reported.	0	0.0%
Monitoring gap A bathing water was not monitored for at least one season in the last assessment period. No quality classification is made if not enough samples are reported for the most recent season.	0	0.0%



3. Bathing water quality

3.1 Coastal bathing waters

Coastal bathing waters are situated on the sea or transitional water coastline, with respective parameter thresholds defined in Annex I of the Directive. They are subject to more strict thresholds than the inland bathing waters. The quality trend for is shown in Figure 1. Number of bathing waters by quality class for the last assessment period 2018–2021 is given in Annex I.

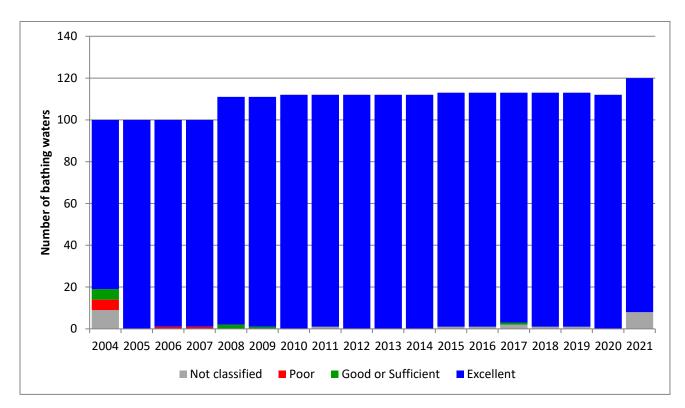


Figure 1: Trend of coastal bathing water quality. Notes: Each column represents an absolute number of bathing waters in the season. Quality classes "good" and "sufficient" are merged for comparability with the classification of the preceding Bathing Water Directive 76/160/EEC.

Annex I Bathing water quality in 2018–2021

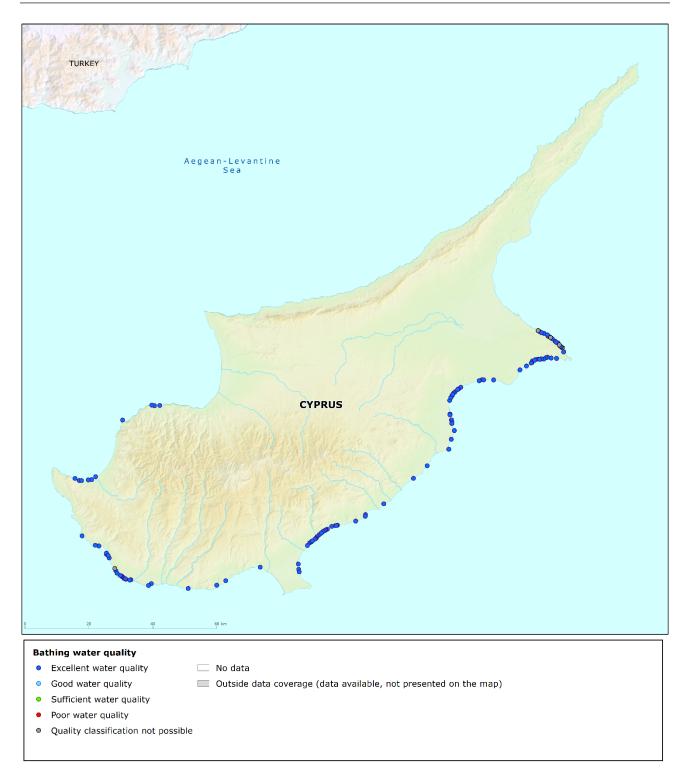
		Total	_		ellent Good		Sufficient		Poor		Not classified	
	number of bathing waters	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	
Total	2018	113	112	99.1%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	0.9%
	2019	113	112	99.1%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	0.9%
	2020	112	112	100.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
	2021	120	112	93.3%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	8	6.7%

Table 3: Bathing water quality by water category and season

Note: Percentages may not total to 100 due to rounding.



Annex II Bathing water quality map



Map 1: Bathing waters reported during the 2021 bathing season in Cyprus

Source: National boundaries: EEA; Large rivers and lakes: EEA, WFD Article 3; Bathing waters data and coordinates: Cypriot authorities; Digital Elevation Model over Europe (EU-DEM): EEA.