



# CHALLENGES AND TRADE-OFFS WHEN EVALUATING THE COMPLEXITY OF ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION OBJECTIVES

EEEN Edinburgh 23-24 November

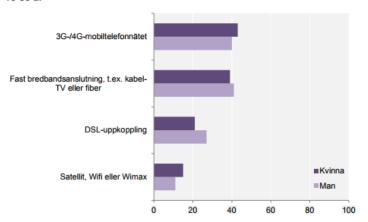
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#### Sweden – a digital paradox





Diagram 1 Typ av bredbandsuppkoppling i hemmet. Andel personer i procent i åldern 16-85 år





## Reality when it comes to some areas of public information and services...







#### Objectives in the digitalisation of the Swedish Public Sector

#### Central government administration

- Innovative and collaborative
  - a simpler day-today life for citizens;
  - a more transparent administration that supports innovation and participation;
  - enhanced quality and efficiency in government activities.

#### **ICT** policy

 Sweden is to be the best in the world at utilising the opportunities of digitalisation.

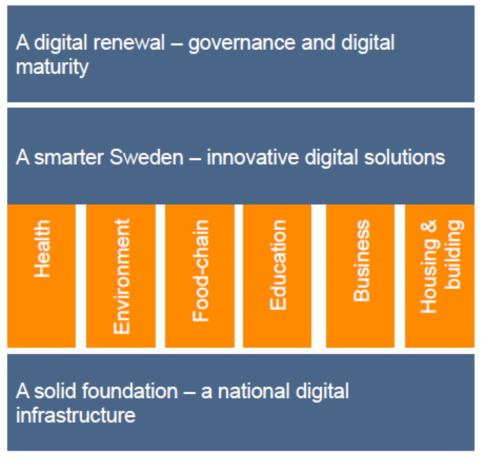
#### Digital first

 The Public Sector should primarily target digital channels to citizens and companies in their service delivery.

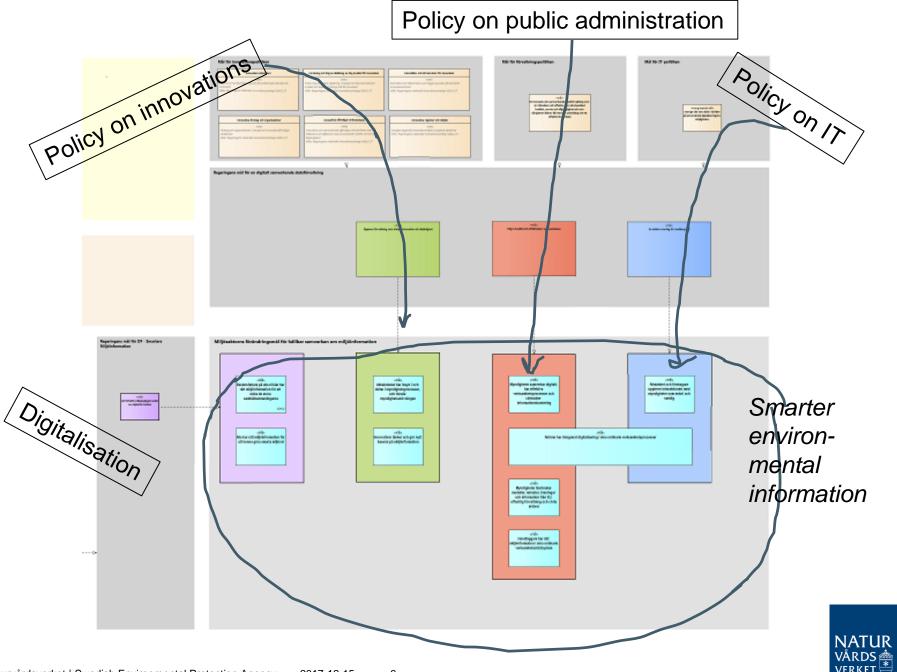


### Digital first: making digital communication prio one in agencies communication with citizens and businesses

#### Digital First! Prioritized areas 2015-2018







#### Smarter environmental information

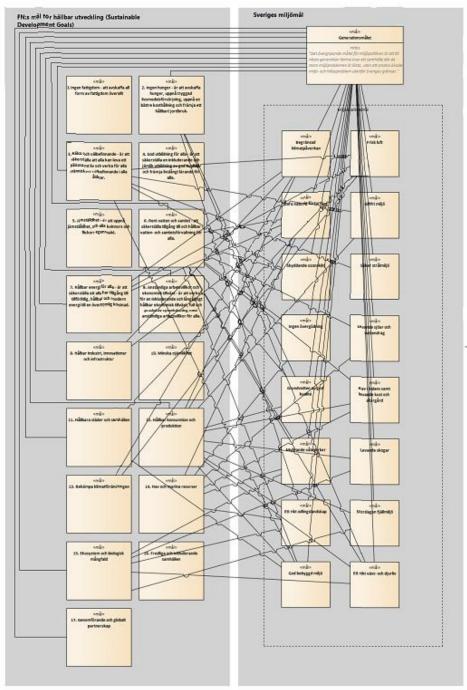
The goal with Digital first – Smarter environmental information is to:

- Increase the availabilty and use of digital environmental information
- Citizens and entrepreneurs are targets for the work with open and data driven innovation
- This will hopefully meet the challange of climate change and aim at reaching the national environmental objectives

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#### Sustainability Delevopement Goals (UN)



Swedens environmental goals



## Swedish Environmental Protection Agency must:

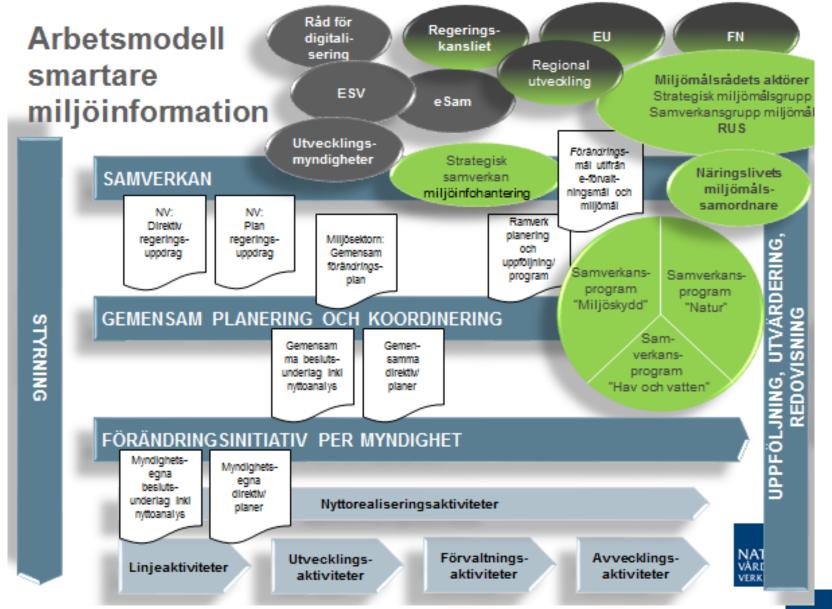
- Identify and prioritize potential areas for the assignment.
- Collaborate with relevant authorities, the municipal sector and other actors in the private and public sector, as well as develop a plan for the upcoming work.
- Work towards common interfaces, specifications and standards for digital interactions in the environmental sector based on developments in Swedish public administration and in international contexts.
- Illustrate the **legal**, **economic**, and **organizational prerequisites** for digital collaboration and report in what areas changes are needed.
- Analyze how open data can drive environmental work forward and promote innovative solutions. Identify national and international good examples of digitizing environmental information
- Seek for benefit realization



## How can the Evaluation unit support the government mandate assignment?

- The Evaluation unit at SEPA were asked to support the implementation
- Relevant evalution perspectives?
- Observe on-going cooperation between several agencies?



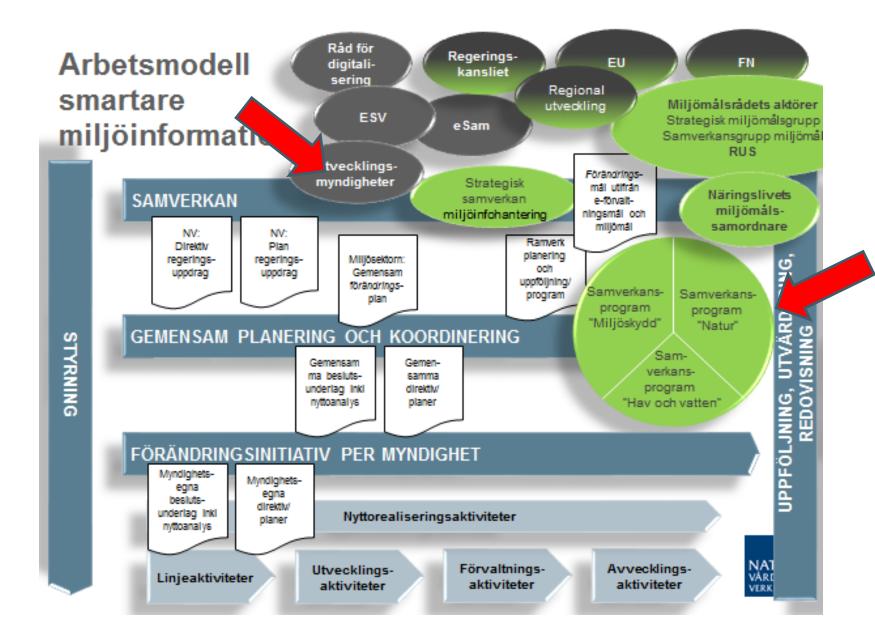




#### **Evaluate what? And how?**







#### Critical factors for cooperation

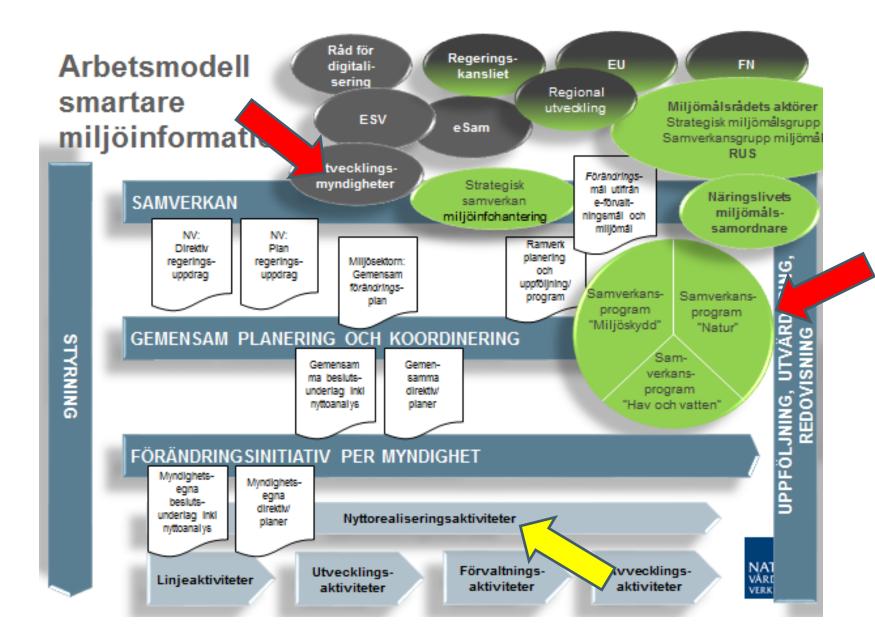
- structured management
- clearly stated goal
- willingness to cooperate
- sufficient resources
- Identifying and managing preventive differences in views, organization and regulations.



#### Regular follow-ups on cooperation How to measure

- We will measure cooperation through regular surveys via surveys to relevant actors
- The questions will be based on critical factors for synergies and assumptions in the business logic
- We will be able to follow and describe your experience of cooperation for better environmental information
- We will provide feedback along the way





#### What is Benefits Realisation Management?

Active and systematic work to secure and optimize the benefints of *changes* 



#### Question for the audiens!

- To what extent is there a discussion on digitalization as a solution of environmental issues?
- Are you working with Benefits Realization
  Management as a tool in the environmental sector?
- Any comments on the structure of the evaluation are welcome!



## Thank You!

