

Scotland's Energy Efficiency Programme

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Scottish Government
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Heat in Scotland

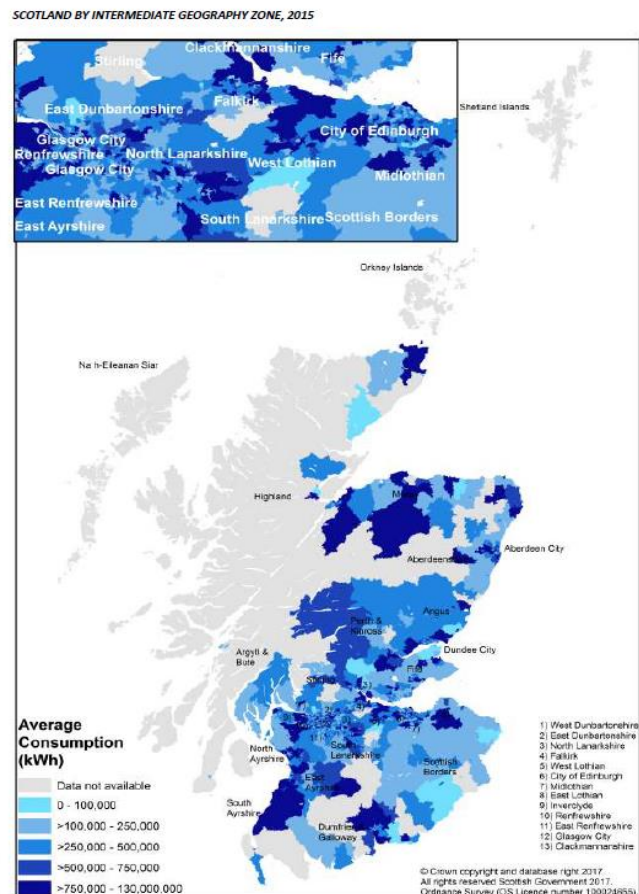
In Scotland

- 79% of our domestic properties heated by gas
- 7% heated by oil
- Commercial & non-domestic use 40% of gas consumed

- Draft Climate Change Plan presents massive decarbonisation challenge
 - 98% emissions reduction for non-domestic buildings; 75% emissions reduction for domestic buildings, by 2032

- Split of responsibilities – UK Government - electricity, gas network, the Scottish Government (SG) - heat.
 - UKG – exploring the potential use of hydrogen gas for heating until 2020
 - SG heat decarbonisation activity – focus on low regrets options

FIGURE 4.14: NON-DOMESTIC GAS CONSUMPTION - Average Consumption (kWh per meter)



- Cornerstone of the National Infrastructure Priority on Energy Efficiency
- Long-term programme that will operate over 15-20 years
- Improve the energy efficiency of buildings across Scotland
- Decarbonise their heat supply
- Investment opportunity in excess of £10 billion
- Range of measures and interventions

ENERGY STRATEGY – SCOTLAND'S ENERGY
EFFICIENCY PROGRAMME (SEEP)
NATIONAL INFRASTRUCTURE PRIORITY FOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY



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Phase 1 – focussed on supporting integrated area based approaches. Announced September 2016 and due to complete by December 2017.

10 Participating Local Authorities

Phase 2 focussed on:

- Building blocks of programme delivery
- Local Heat and Energy Efficiency Strategies
- Heat decarbonisation
- Hard to treat properties
- Sector specific project

15 Local Authorities awarded funding – including 12 Local Heat and Energy Efficiency Strategy

