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Critical questions in the evaluation of EU water policy

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Introduction

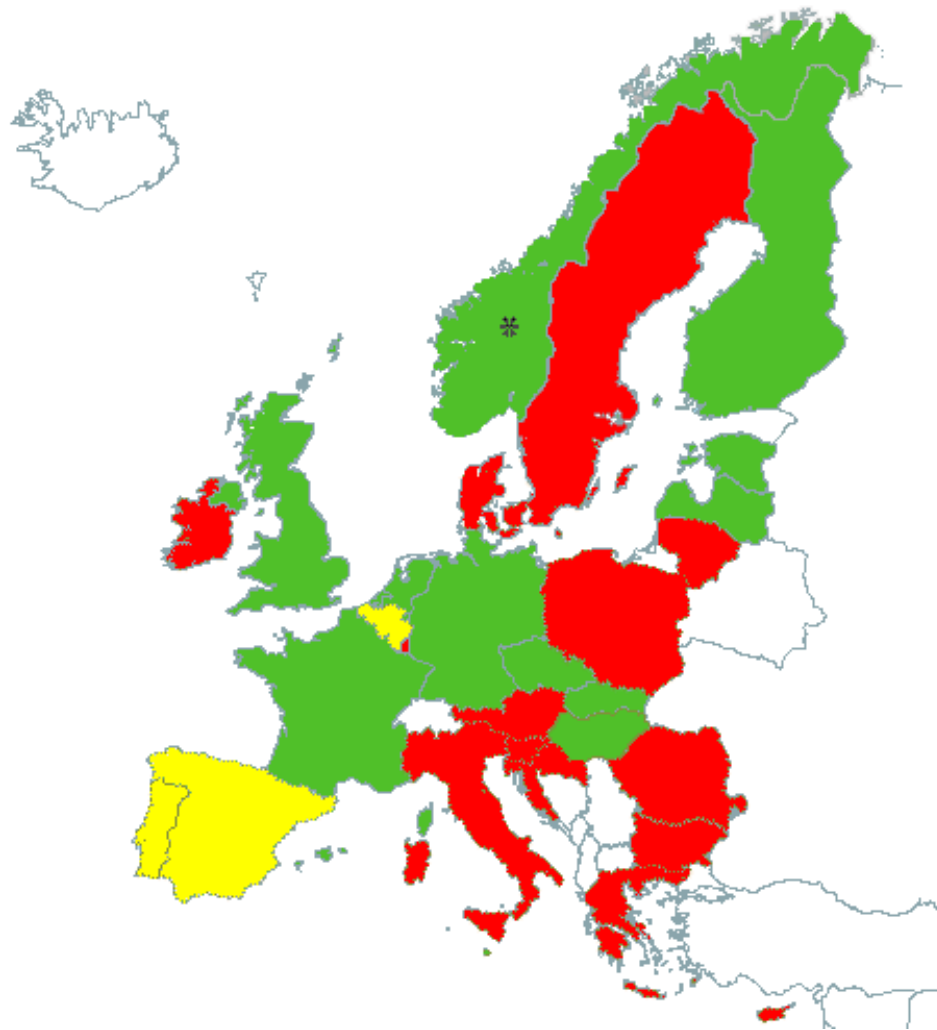
- **Introduction to WFD review timetable and initial activity**
- **Framing evaluation – different perspectives and starting points**
- **Critical issues for WFD evaluation**

Timetable

- **WFD Art. 19(2): “The Commission will review this Directive at the latest 19 years after the date of its entry into force [22/12/2000] and will propose any necessary amendments to it.”**
- **Includes daughter directives and FD**
- **So it is not triggered by a need identified today!**
- **2nd RBMPs and 1st FRMPs reported to EC March 2016**
- **Reporting data being uploaded into WISE**
- **Current implementation is the starting point for a review**

Status of adoption of 2nd RBMPs (EC, 15/6/16)

- **Some plans not adopted – challenge for assessment**



Commission approach to initial assessment

Main guiding questions for RBMPs:

- ✓ Status of implementation of WFD requirements?
 - ✓ Progress made since the 1st cycle?
 - ✓ Follow-up of COMM's previous recommendations?
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 - ✓ Identification of good practices
 - ✓ Recommendations for the future steps
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- Timing: draft assessment for consultation within 6 to 8 months after WISE reporting is completed. Draft for consultation with MS
 - Forms baseline information for future WFD review – but is not the scope of the review

Different possible starting points for evaluation

- **Water needs**
 - **Established legal framework**
 - **Regulatory burden**
 - **Opportunities to use evaluation results**
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- **For each could design bespoke evaluation framework**
 - **REFIT/Fitness check framework**

Needs of the environment/society

- Was starting point for 2012 Water Blueprint – what are the problems, what actions to take?
- WFD is often environmental in objectives, with some societal objectives (eg DW)
- Examining water objectives by societal objectives – ecosystem service relationship and does WFD deliver this?
- E.g. Does assessment process in WFD (Art. 5) allow for these to be captured in decision making?

Legal framework – EU Treaty

- In asking what EU law should do (as input or output of evaluation), must consider opportunities and constraints of the Treaty
- What is EU level competence, what is national, what is shared?
- Type of instrument also influenced by issues of competence
- A deficiency/gap in policy coverage may be for MS to address, not EU level

Framing evaluation around outcome opportunities

- **What is the possible outcome?**
 - Changing EU water law
 - Changing other EU law
 - Changing governance framework for WFD (improving guidance, etc)
 - Emphasis on improved implementation
- **Are there opportunities to act on evaluation results in these areas?**

Evaluation framework (Better Regulation Toolbox)

- Effectiveness, Efficiency, Coherence, Relevance, EU added value
- Each one of these begs questions, interacts, etc.
- Analytical vs political
- REFIT does not directly analyse the env objectives (eg an EQS) (different technical framework), but does aim to simplify its delivery
- Toolbox recommends focusing on what is important, but often too much included – leading to box ticking
- Sometimes big messages are above this – “just leave it all alone!”

REFIT framework

- **Effectiveness:** captures core evaluation focus on objectives of instrument
- **Efficiency:** strong focus for Commission, questions processes, often difficult to get data, problems with counterfactual and politically sensitive. Cost/benefit difficult to compare.
- **Coherence:** can break policy boundaries of review. Where there is a problem, answers are not always simple!
- **Relevance:** captures core evaluation focus on instrument fitting broader needs
- **EU added value:** links to legal evaluation framework

Core questions for WFD review

- **What are the big achievements? (not simply technical change in status) – what has the WFD actually delivered on the ground?**
 - Some achievements may be in pipeline
- **Secondly, what secondary benefits are there (data, participation, etc.)?**
- **What effort/cost has this required?**
- **What is not delivering/unnecessary?**

What to include or exclude?

- **WFD (+daughters), FD, more?**
- **If starting point is environmental/societal needs for water, harder to exclude rest of water acquis**
- **Include too much, danger of being superficial and/or get lost in detail**
- **Focus on key principles – do these still work?**
- **Focus on core processes – are these efficient/effective?**

Questions on WFD principles

- **WFD works towards a system functioning close to “natural” – is this right?**
- **“One out, all out” status determination: a hindrance or a driver?**
- **Ability of instrument to address long-term climate change**
- **Coverage: rivers, lakes, transitional, coastal waters – are they equally served?**
- **Cost recovery of water services – clarity needed!**
- **Transboundary co-operation**

Questions on WFD processes

- If implementation is slow – is this because it is difficult, MS have taken advantage of exemptions, there is a design problem, or...?
- What additional basic measures have been put in place, what works, what outcomes?
- What other policy areas need to deliver – what barriers are there?
- Active participation – what, where, outcomes?

Information on water

- Status, measures, economic analysis – reporting through WISE (ongoing)
- Integrates WFD & SoE reporting
- Yet to know what evaluation questions the data can effectively answer
- WFD requires monitoring to evaluate effectiveness of measures – but is not an evaluation of the WFD

Conclusions

- Review is not triggered by a need but by law – so what are critical issues?
- Starting point/perspective of evaluation is critical – where should this be?
- Water needs – if so how determined?
- How much of WFD/aqcuis will be examined?
- How to capture things that are hard to capture?
- Now is the time to identify key issues of concern to stakeholders, MS, etc.
- BR: ‘big on the big things, small on the small things’ – what are stakeholder big things? Would the BR evaluation framework miss these?