CDDA webinar – 27th April 2017

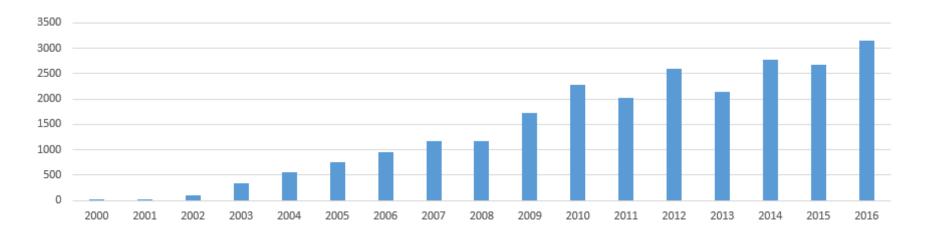
Linked Approach as reporting mechanism

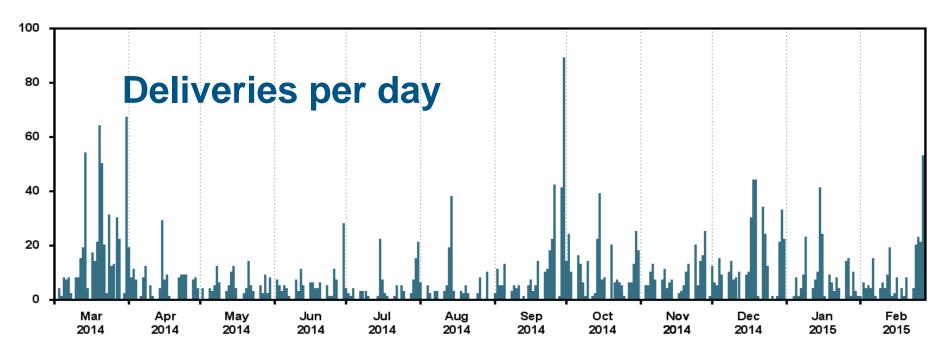
Generic Linked Approach

Scope

- Background and motivation for reporting reusing INSPIRE
- Introduction of the principle for the Linked Approach
- Conceptual design of the CDDA 2018 data model (more on that later from Mette)

Reportnet – EEA view





Reporting obligations

Reporting obligation

Reporting obligation

Reporting obligation

Reporting obligation

Reporting obligation

Legally mandated organisation

Legally mandated organisation

Legally mandated organisation

Legally mandated organisation



Reporting concept – basic assumptions:

- MS shall provide data in the scope of INSPIRE (harmonized, interoperable, via network services) by 2020 latest.
- Data provided under INSPIRE shall be reused and MS aim to avoid multiple provision of data.
- For better support of environmental policies more direct, frequent and timely access to the environmental data is needed

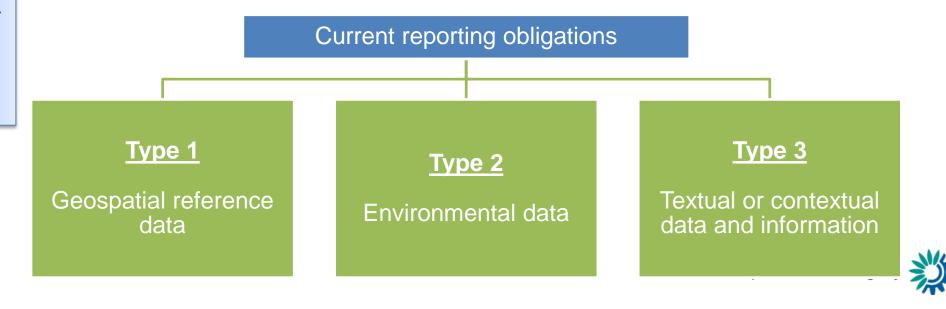
Requirements for reporting system:

- Need for a systematic approach towards eReporting
- Generic and reusable approach in different data flows
- Minimum demands on provider and consumer side
- More coherent and streamlined
- Reduce fragmentation of approaches and technical solutions



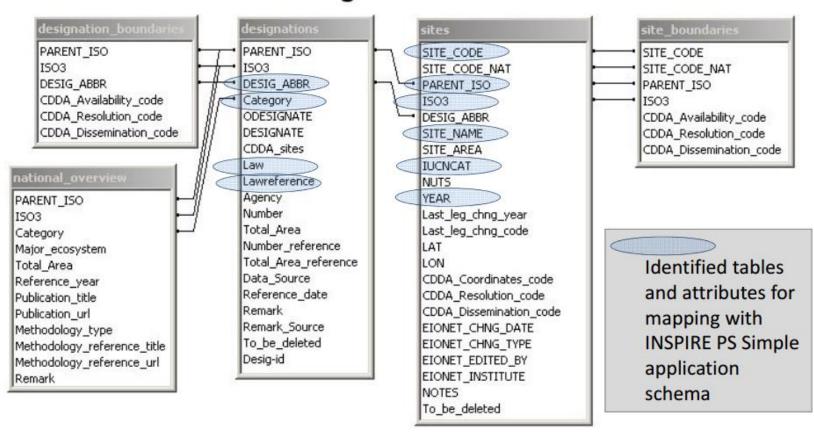
Strategy paper:

- The future of eReporting and the link to INSPIRE
- Data Typology as one main element



Data typology in practice (more on that in the "CDDA follow-up")

Common Database on Designated Areas: Data Model





3 possible Reporting & Extension approaches

- Integration
 - Multiple INSPIRE Themes (Type 1) and environmental data (Type 2) in one "super schema"
 - · E.g. Air Quality eReporting

Extension

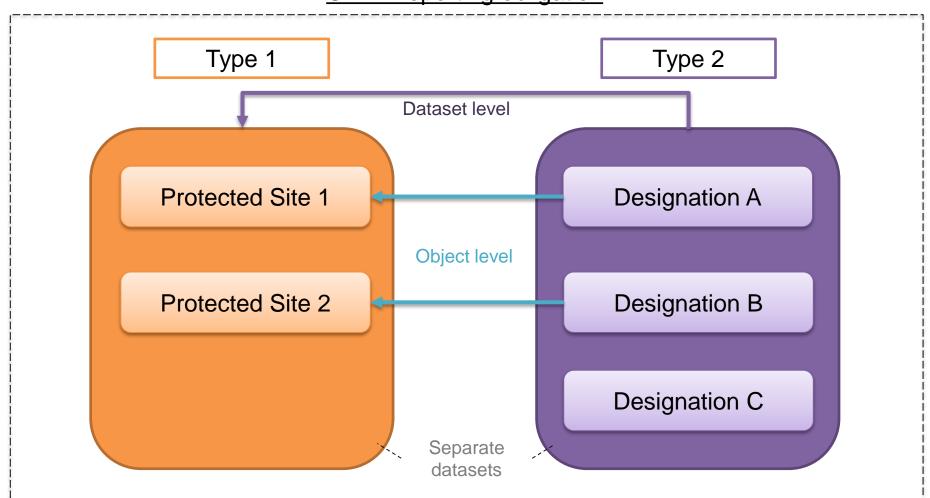
- Singular INSPIRE Theme (Type 1) is extended by environmental data (Type 2)
- E.g. EU Registry

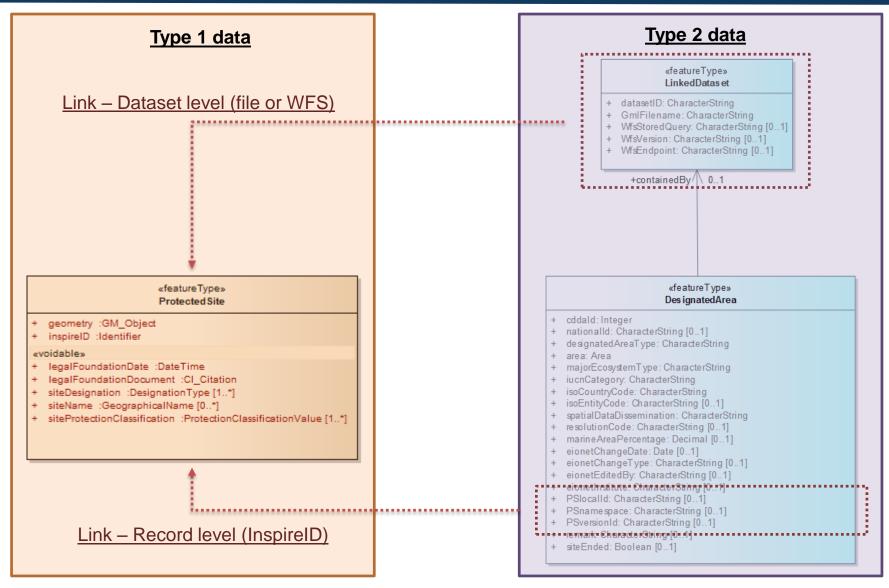
Linking ("Linked Approach")

- Environmental data (Type 2) is pointing towards multiple INSPIRE Themes (Type 1) but provided seperately
- E.g. CDDA 2018

Linked Approach schema

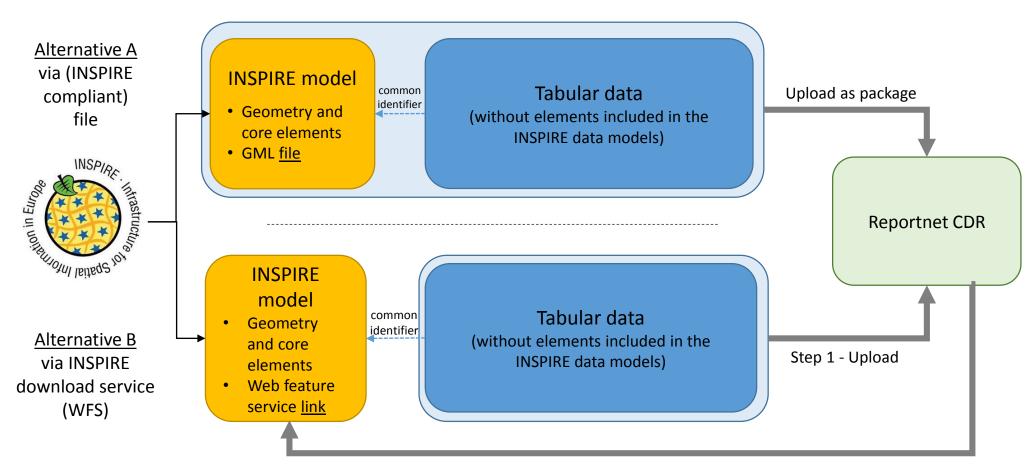
CDDA reporting obligation





LINKED APPROACH

Two ways of re-using INSPIRE models (general application)



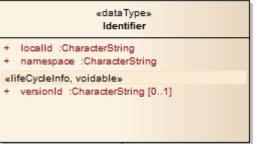
Step 2 – Harvest gml file from INSPIRE web service

Linked Approach as reporting mechanism

INSPIRE ID for CDDA

Inspire ID is part of INSPIRE data models

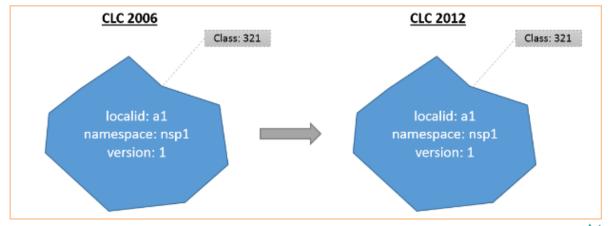
- localld
 - The local identifier is unique within the namespace
- namespace
 - Uniquely identifying the data source of the spatial object
 - Owned by the data provider
- versionId (voidable)
 - Version of the spatial object (life-cycle information)





If neither, geometry nor attributes of a CDDA site is changing the Inspire ID should stay the same over the years





INSPIRE ID for CDDA

Inspire ID

- Data providers govern the Inspire ID
- Some countries have own policies for Inspire ID

«dataType» Identifier

- + localld :CharacterString
- + namespace :CharacterString

«lifeCycleInfo, voidable»

+ versionId :CharacterString [0..1]

Suggestion for the structure of the Inspire ID in the CDDA context

localld

- CDDA site code
- e.g. "19142" for Señorío de Bertiz (ES)

<u>Namespace</u>

- EIONET.ENVIRONMENT.PS.CDDA.{PARENT_ISO}.{ISO3}
- Suggestion to use ISO 3166-1 alpha-3
- e.g. "EIONET.ENVIRONMENT.PS.CDDA.ESP" or "EIONET.ENVIRONMENT.PS.CDDA.FRA.GUF"



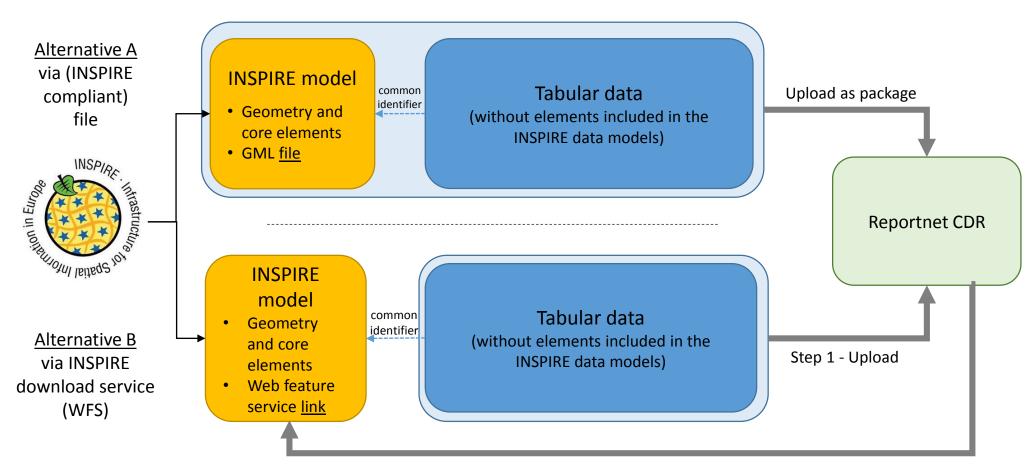
CDDA '18 roadmap

- April 2017 Webinar with EIONET NRCs (INSPIRE PS experts are welcome as well)
- June 2017 Consultation on the draft reporting guidelines for CDDA & NRC biodiversity workshop at EEA
- July September 2017 Testing phase with interested countries
- October 2017 Final reporting guidelines
- December 2017 Call for 2018 data collection
- March 2018 Reporting deadline for CDDA reporting
- Additional webinars on request (e.g. on data transformation using HALE)
- Data integration test (different GML encoding versions)
- WFS harvesting tests decoupled from the official reporting



LINKED APPROACH

Two ways of re-using INSPIRE models (general application)



Step 2 – Harvest gml file from INSPIRE web service

Web service harvesting for reporting

- EEA not ready to accept data from web-services for obligatory reporting right now
- EEA Reportnet undergoes major update project (→ Reportnet 2.0, 2017-2019)
- Reporting via web-services is legally/procedurally challenging
- 1. Within CDDA '18 we will ask countries to provides us with WFS nodes (in parallel) if available for testing
- 2. 2018 EEA will analyze the web-service reporting together with EIONET
 - a) Technical and legal challenges needs to be addressed
 - b) Business case has to be analyzed & implementation plan developed
 - c) INSPIRE requirements as input to Reportnet 2.0 project
 - d) EEA to plan activities to operationalize the conclusions in a development activity
- 3. 2020 as target to be ready for web service based reporting for agreed data flows

Thanks

Christian Ansorge

European Environment Agency

