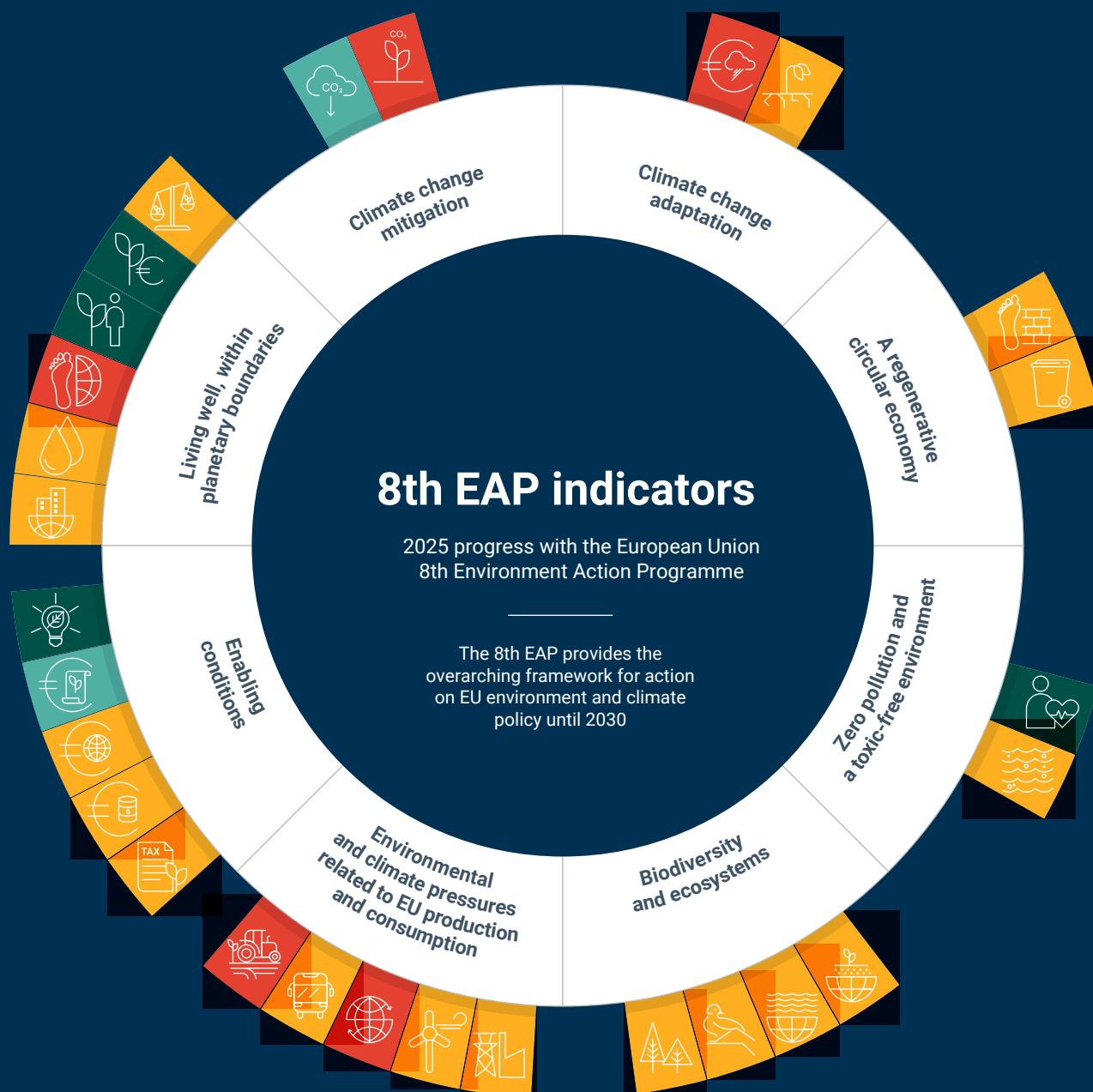


8th Environment Action Programme scoreboard, 2025



Methodology key



































Will the objective be met by 2030?

	On track	There is a high degree of confidence that the objective will be met by 2030
	Likely on track	The objective appears likely to be met by 2030 but there is a low degree of confidence
	Likely off track	The objective appears unlikely to be met by 2030 but there is a low degree of confidence
	Off track	There is a high degree of confidence that the objective will not be met in 2030



8th Environment Action Programme monitoring results, 2025

8TH EAP PRIORITY OBJECTIVES AND ENABLING CONDITIONS

8th EAP indicators Monitoring targets	Outlook of meeting the targets by 2030			
	On track	Likely on track	Likely off track	Off track
CLIMATE CHANGE MITIGATION				
 Greenhouse gas emissions Reduce net GHG emissions by at least 55% by 2030 from 1990 levels				
 GHG emissions from land use, land-use change and forestry Increase net GHG removals by carbon sinks from the LULUCF sector to -310 million tonnes CO ₂ equivalent by 2030				
CLIMATE CHANGE ADAPTATION				
 Climate-related economic losses Reduce overall monetary losses from weather and climate-related events				
 Drought impact on ecosystems Decrease the area impacted by drought and loss of vegetation productivity				
A REGENERATIVE CIRCULAR ECONOMY				
 Raw material consumption Significantly decrease the EU's material footprint, by reducing the amount of raw material needed to produce the products consumed in the EU				
 Total waste generation Significantly reduce the total amount of waste generated by 2030				
ZERO POLLUTION AND A TOXIC FREE ENVIRONMENT				
 Premature deaths due to exposure to fine particulate matter Reduce premature deaths from air pollution by 55% (from 2005 levels) by 2030				
 Nitrates in groundwater Reduce nutrient losses by at least 50% in safe groundwater resources				
BIODIVERSITY AND ECOSYSTEMS				
 Designated terrestrial protected areas Legally protect at least 30% of the EU's land area by 2030				
 Designated marine protected areas Legally protect at least 30 % of the EU's sea area by 2030				
 Common bird index Reverse the decline in populations of common birds				
 Forest connectivity Increase the degree of connectivity in forest ecosystems with a view to creating and integrating ecological corridors and increase climate change resilience				
ENVIRONMENTAL AND CLIMATE PRESSURES RELATED TO EU PRODUCTION AND CONSUMPTION				
 Energy consumption Reduce by 2030 the primary and the final energy consumption levels to respectively 992.5 and 763 million tonnes of oil equivalent				
 Share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption At least 42.5% of energy from renewable sources in gross final energy consumption by 2030				
 Circular material use rate Double the ratio of circular material use by 2030 compared to 2020				
 Share of buses and trains in inland passenger transport Increase the share of collective transport modes (buses, coaches and trains)				
 Area under organic farming 25% of EU agricultural land organically farmed by 2030				

8TH EAP PRIORITY OBJECTIVES AND ENABLING CONDITIONS

8th EAP indicators

Monitoring targets

Outlook of meeting the targets by 2030

On track Likely on track Likely off track Off track

ENABLING CONDITIONS



Share of environmental taxes in total tax revenues

Increase the share of environmental taxes in total revenues from taxes and social contributions



Fossil fuel subsidies

Reduce environmentally harmful subsidies, in particular fossil fuel subsidies, with a view to phasing them out without delay



Environmental protection expenditure

Increase spending by households, corporations and governments on preventing, reducing and eliminating pollution and other environmental degradation



Share of green bonds in total issued bonds

Increase the issuance of green bonds to boost public and private financing for green investments



Eco-innovation index

Increasing eco-innovation as a driver for the green transition



LIVING WELL, WITHIN PLANETARY BOUNDARIES



Land take

No net land take by 2050



Water exploitation index plus

Reduce water scarcity



Consumption footprint

Significantly decrease the EU's consumption footprint, i.e. the environmental impact of consumption



Employment in the environmental goods and services sector

Increase the share of green employment in the whole economy



Gross value added of the environmental goods and services sector

Increase the share of the green economy in the whole economy



Environmental inequalities

Reduce environmental inequalities and ensure a fair transition

